UN SCIENCE-POLICY-BUSINESS FORUM ON THE ENVIRONMENT

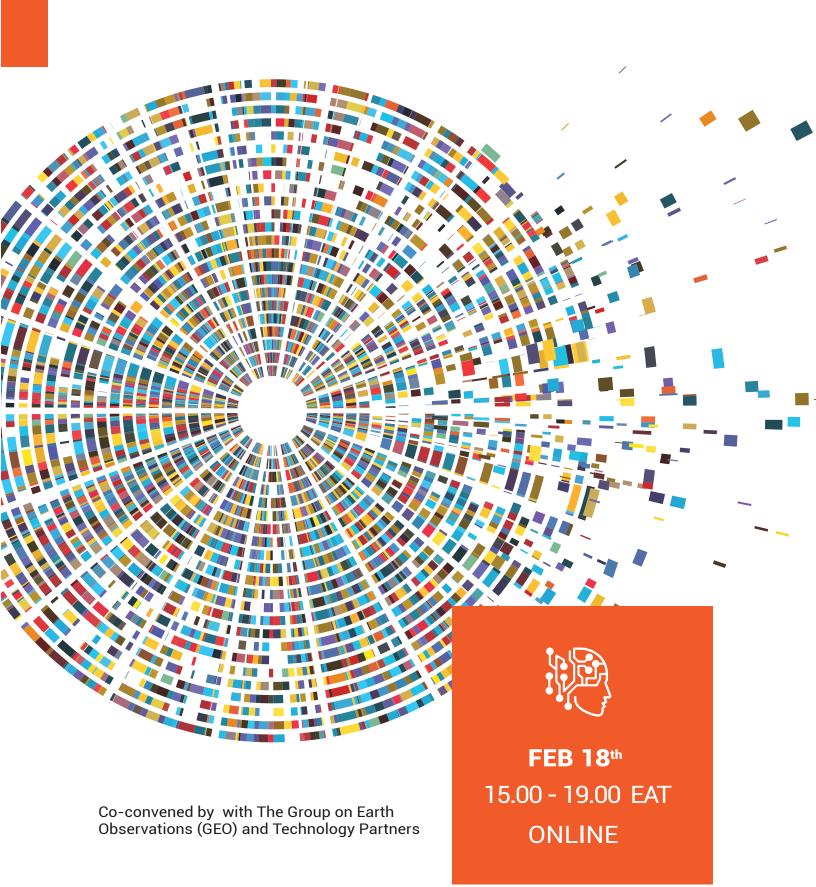
Third Global Session 18-20 February 2021

Integrated Solutions #ForNature





Big Data and Frontier Tech: Powering the Transition to a Sustainable Future





For 68% of the environment-related SDG indicators there is not enough data to assess progress, according to UNEP studies which also found that towards all 12 of the SDGs targets related to the state of the environment, there is either no data or no progress made. To achieve the environmental dimension of the SDGs, it is essential to scale up environmental action that is backed by adequate knowledge. A task that is only achievable through the deployment of the latest technologies, including earth observations, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and the Internet of Things.

The Group on Earth Observations will report back on outcomes of the Earth Observations Indigenous Summit, with a focus on how satellite imagery can improve disaster risk management for indigenous communities. GEO will also provide an overview of its current work and future ambitions.

In cooperation with the European Parliament's special committee on AI and the Green Deal, the session will explore elements related to legislation, equity, democracy and transparency related to the technology use and the equitable sharing of Big Data products and services.

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To date, over 20 Member States have voiced their support to establish a Data for the Environment Alliance (DEAL). The session, for the first time, will present how this work is shaping up and the opportunities it presents.

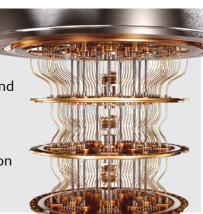
Key technology partners (including IBM, Microsoft, Amazon, Huawei, Google Earth Engine, Dassault Systèmes) will provide an overview of how their technologies are transforming our understanding of and actions for the planet. New initiatives and collaborations will be launched that directly contribute to UNEP's work and the vision presented in its Medium-Term Strategy.

The UN Decade on Ecosystem Restoration 2021 -2030, led by UNEP and FAO, is establishing a Digital Hub to facilitate the exchange of data and information amongst stakeholders engaged in research, policy formation and implementation.

The session will examine the following key questions:

Principles, standards and data ethics; investment frameworks and innovative financing (with contributions from UNEP's Innovation Branch)

Lessons learnt from projects such as the Biodiversity Observation Network, Climate Trace and GHG Tracking.







Inger Andersen
Executive Director
UNEP



H.E. Hans Brattskar Special Envoy, UNEA Presidency Ministry of Climate and Environment, Norway



Petteri Taalas Secretary-General ₩MO



Juliet Kabera
Director General
Rwanda Environment
Management Authority



Kathryn Guarini
Chief Operating Office & Vice
President Impact Science
IBM Research



Alessandro Curioni
Vice President Europe
and Africa
IBM Research



Tamar Eilam IBM FellowIBM Research



Adam Smith
Co-Founder and Head of
Strategy
Descartes Labs



Dr. Jonathan R. Everhart Chairman & CEOGlobal ReEnergy Holdings



Florence Verzelen
Executive Vice President,
Industry, Marketing and
Sustainability
Dassault Systemes



Willem Clappaert Government Industry Solutions Leader



Laurent Durieux Head of Mission AI, Big Earth Data and SDGs





Maria Cecilia Londoño Murcia Researcher Alexander von Humboldt Biological Resources Research Institute



Bonnie Lei Head of Global Strategic Partnerships Al Microsoft



Rafael Monge Vargas
Director
National Geoenvironmental
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Ana Pinheiro Privette Lead Amazon Sustainability Data Initiative (ASDI)



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Director Science Division
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Laurence Monnoyer Smith Director of Sustainable Development Centre National d'Études Spatiales





Prof. Guo Huadong
Director, Institute of Remote
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Olga Gershenzon Co-Founder SCANEX Holding



Thuraya al Hashimi
Executive Director Digital
Data Enabling Sector
AE Federal Competitiveness &
Statistics Centre (FCSC)



Charlotte Bishop Senior Project Manager Norway International Climate and Forest Initiative (NICFI)



Diana Mastracci Sánchez Founder GEO Indigenous Alliance



Dragoş Tudorache
Chair, Special Committee
on Artificial Intelligence
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European Parliament



Ray Amani Assistant Vice President of Investment Nasdag



Ado Lohmus
Permanent
Representative to UNEP
and Initiative coordinator
Estonia



Prof. Dr. Gilberto Camara
Director of the GEO
Secretariat
UNFP

Marine Litter and Microplastics Mitigation and Prevention



Co-convened in partnership with the Global Partnership on Marine Litter (GPML)

FEB 19th 13.00 - 14.30 EAT ONLINE



MARINE LITTER SESSION

As a pollutant without borders, marine litter and microplastics continue to choke the world's oceans, with a recent study revealing higher concentrations of plastic hidden beneath the surface of the Atlantic Ocean than anyone previously thought - 7,000 microplastic particles per cubic meter of seawater.

Plastics has even been found in human placentas, demonstrating the reach of this pollutant.

Found along the world's coastlines and estuaries to the remotest polar regions and down into the deepest ocean trenches, we are only just beginning to understand the true impact of marine litter and microplastics on the environment and society.

To tackle plastics, the largest, most harmful and persistent fraction of marine litter, immediate action is needed.

Significantly reducing marine pollution by 2025, as envisaged by the Sustainable Development Goals, requires focused, accelerated action by multiple actors and sectors.

UNEA Resolution 3.7 on Marine Litter and Microplastics, stresses "the importance of long-term elimination of discharge of litter and microplastics to the oceans and of avoiding detriment to marine ecosystems and the human activities dependent on them from marine litter and microplastics".

The session will examine the following key questions:

What does the latest science tell us about the risks posed by marine litter and microplastics for ecosystems, human health and society?

In order to manage and mitigate the risk of marine litter in our environment, what urgent policy action is required at the multi-lateral and national levels?

What part does innovation, technology and finance have to play?

What does multi-stakeholder cooperation offer in the management and mitigation of marine litter and microplastics related risk?



MARINE LITTER SESSION



Leticia Carvalho Head of Marine and Freshwater Branch UNFP



Prof. Jacqueline McGlade Lead Author UNEP Global Assessment on Marine Litter and Microplastics



H.E. Keriako Tobiko
Cabinet Secretary
Ministry of Environment
and Forestry
Kenya



H.E. Jonathan Wilkinson Minister of Environment and Climate Change Canada



Lois Michele Young Chairperson Alliance of Small Island States (AOSIS)



H.E. Satoru Lino
Deputy Director, Office of the
Marine Environment
Ministry of the Environment of
Japan



Patrick Labat Senior Executive Vice President, Northern Europe Veolia



Gabriel Thoumi
Director of the Plastics
Programme and Financial
Markets
Planet Tracker



MARINE LITTER SESSION



H.E. Bérangère Abba Vice President of UNEA, Secretary of State for the Biodiversity France



Melissa Wang Senior Scientist Greenpeace



Tina Ngata
Environmental & Indigenous
Rights Advocate
Women Major Groups
Representative



Nicholas Holmes Chief Technology Officer for Global Government, IBM Cloud and Cognitive Software



Saiful Ridwan Chief Enterprise Solutions UNEP



Kari Tamura Chua Global Head of Product The Stakeholder Company



Heidi Savelli Programme Management Officer, Global Partnership for Marine Litter



Juan Bofill
Senior Engineer in the Water
Management Division
European Investment Bank

Rethinking Cities: Bringing Nature to the Urban Environment





Close to 66% of global populations are expected to live in cities by 2050. The resource requirements of urban areas could grow to nearly 90 billion tonnes per year by 2050 with high demand for land, food supplies and raw materials that will far exceed the planet's threshold. Cities are already responsible for some 75% of greenhouse gas emissions. In and around cities, biodiversity and green areas provide ecosystem benefits and services increasing the resilience of cities and improving human health.

According to the report The Weight of Cities by the International Resources Panel (IRP), cities that become more resource-efficient in transport, commercial buildings, and building heating/ cooling could achieve reductions of between 36 to 54 percent in energy use, GHG emissions, metals, land and water use.

The argument has been made that urban planning, sector optimization, cross-sector optimization towards circularity and behavioural changes will together provide cumulative benefits far greater than the those provided by each of the four levers individually.

Building Better in response to the COVID-19 pandemic is helping reimagine city concepts such as the "15-minute city", shifts to active mobility, shorter value chains, and an emphasis on bringing nature back into cities - not least by taking a hybrid approach to infrastructure, connecting the grey infrastructure with nature-based solutions.

An annual average of USD6.9 trillion in infrastructure investment up until 2030 is considered indispensable for the achievement of global development and climate agendas.

The bulk of this investment, according to the OECD, involves developing countries – including fragile low-income economies and emerging economies driven by population growth, increased income levels and rapid urbanization. However, developed countries will also require action to bridge infrastructure and capacity gaps, given the need to invest in retrofitting ageing infrastructure – particularly in light of renewed climate change mitigation and adaptation efforts.

The session will examine the following key questions:

What strategies to redesign, rethink and transform cities, and the infrastructure that support them, will lead to the greatest efficiency, resilience and inclusion?

What policies, investments and multi-sector initiatives are required to implement these strategies at scale to achieve the SDGs?

With a view to supporting changes in present consumption and production patterns, what are the essential cross-cutting interlinkages in different infrastructure systems?





Carlos Manuel Rodriguez CEOGlobal Environment Facility



Abdalah Mokssit Secretary



Maimunah Modh Sharif Executive Director UN Habitat



H. E. Rodrigo Rodriguez
Tornquist
Secretary of Climate Change,
Sustainable Development and
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H. E. Nezha Bouchareb Minister of Regional Planning, Housing, Urbanism and City Policy, Kingdom of Morocco



H.E. Jeanne d'Arc Mujawamariya Minister of Environment Rwanda



Harry Verhaar Head of Global Public & Government Affairs Signify



Martin Powell Head of Urban Development Siemens AG



José Luis Martínez-Almeida Mayor of Madrid Spain



Dr. Li Zhang Secretary GeneralSociety of Entrepreneurs for Ecology Foundation,
China





Daniel Quintero Calle Mayor of MedellinColombia



Yvonne Aki-Sawyerr OBE Mayor of FreetownSierra Leone



Sarah O'Carroll
Government & Cities
Network Manager
The Ellen MacArthur
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Anton Koller President, District Energy Danfoss



Emmanuelle Nasse Bridier Head of Urban Resilience Initiative Meridiam



Paolo Falcioni Director General APPLIA



Aniruddha Dasgupta Global Director WRI Ross Center for Sustainable Cities



Ursula Hartenberger ResearcherGlobal Alliance for Buildings and Construction





Robert Pinter
Green & Healthy Buildings
Manager Europe
International Copper
Association



Julie Greenwalt Co-Chair GEO for Cities UNEP



Martina Otto Head of Cities UNEP



Anu Ramaswami Co-author IRP report "The Weight of Cities"



Oliver Hillel
Programme Officer
Secretariat of the
Convention on Biodiversity

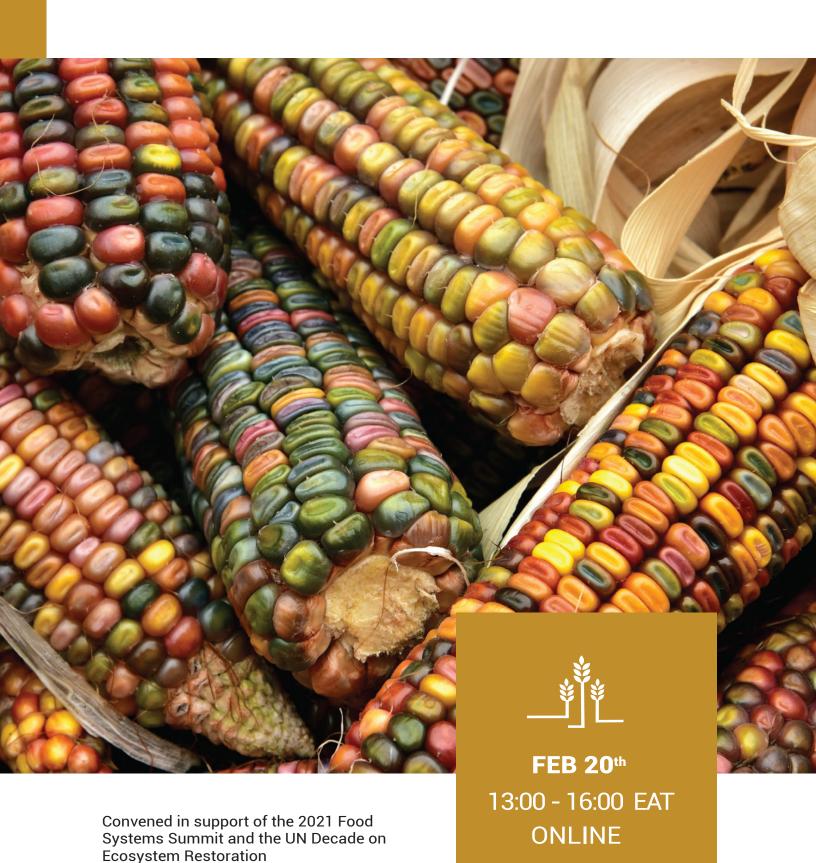


Kobie Brand
Vice President for Africa
and Director
ICLEI Cities Biodiversity
Center (CBC)



Dr. Wang Lan
Deputy Dean, College of
Architecture and Urban
Planning
Tongji University

Nature-positive Food Systems for a Healthy Planet and Healthy People





FOOD SYSTEMS SESSION

For 68% of the environment-related SDG indicators there is not enough data. Today, the world's food systems need to be transformed towards nature-positive patterns. The rebuilding of economies after the COVID-19 crisis offers an opportunity to change the global food system and make it resilient to future shocks, while ensuring an environmentally sustainable and healthy nutrition for all.

As agricultural systems form the foundation of our food systems, it is imperative that they are redesigned to restore and regenerate, rather than degrade, ecosystems — all while providing affordable and healthy diets for a global population estimated to reach 10 billion by 2050.

The question is less what we need to achieve, but "how" – how to induce behavioral change at scale to restore ecosystems and reverse the damage to the planet? What policies, incentives and investments are needed to motivate responsible individual and collective action and capitalize on the synergistic opportunities that lie in food systems?

Unless we redesign food systems and consumption patterns, greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from global food production will continue to push the planet beyond the internationally agreed goal of limiting global warming to 1.5°C, even if we immediately halted all other emissions.

Food systems contribute up to 29% of all GHG emissions, including 44% of methane.

Agriculture alone is responsible for up to 80% of biodiversity loss and continues to overuse increasingly limited natural resources — including water, forests and land. The sector accounts for up to 70% of all freshwater use and 80% of all deforestation, and more than 1/4 of the energy used globally is expended on food production and supply.

The UN Decade on Ecosystem Restoration 2021 – 2030, led by UNEP and FAO, includes a focus on farmlands and other ecosystems vital for sustainable food systems.

The session will examine the following key questions:

Why a transformation of our food systems is integral for nature and economies?

How does Regenerative Agriculture connect us back to nature?

How can we promote Nutrient Use Efficiency with as much as 80% being lost to the environment?

How do we tackle food waste?

What targeted actions by public and private actors can support the transformation?



FOOD SYSTEMS SESSION



James Lomax
Advisor, Sustainable Food
Systems and Agriculture
UNEP



Philip Lymbery CEO Compassion in World Farming Organization



Alzbeta Klein Director GeneralIFA



H. E. Mahindananda Aluthgamage State Minister of Agriculture Sri Lanka



Mark Sutton
Professor
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Chief Operating Officer
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Anna Engleryd
Chair, Executive Body, UNECE
Convention on Long-range
Transboundary Air Pollution
Swedish Environmental
Protection Agency



Martina Otto Head of Cities UNEP



H.E. Renato Alvarado Minister of Agriculture and Livestock Costa-Rica



Emma Naluyima
Private Veterinarian
2019 Africa Food Prize
Recipient



FOOD SYSTEMS SESSION



Marcus Gover CEO WRAP



Maria Carolina Duran Secretary of Economic Development City of Bogota, Colombia



Jorge Merino
Director, Economic Promotion
Agency Conquito
City of Quito, Ecuador



Ullas Samrat Co-FounderTriton Foodworks



Dr. Esau Galukande
Director, Gender and
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Jean-Marie Dembele
Associate Professor of
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Gaston Berger University.
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Peter Rylander
Partner
IBM Global Business Services



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Shirley Lu GEO Author, Managing Director Asia ProVeg International

Addressing E-waste through Tracking, Traceability and Circular Approach



Co-convened by the Secretariat of the Basel, Rotterdam and Stockholm Convention & UNEP's Private Sector Unit



ONLINE

E-WASTE SESSION

According to the UN's Global E-waste Monitor of 2020, of the 53.6 million metric tonnes (Mt) of e-waste generated worldwide in 2019, only an estimated 17.4% was recycled. While this is an improvement of 21% in just five years, this means we do not know where the majority of this waste is disposed of, and there is a risk that much ends up in countries with no facilities for recycling and disposing such wastes. Efforts to reverse this trend need our attention more than ever before.

The negative effects of e-waste on human health and the environment continues to be scientifically documented in many regions of the world. E-waste exported to developing countries can be subject to poor recycling techniques. This results in long-term contamination of nearby land and rivers. Consequently the food chain, and POPs may eventually end up as contaminants in foods destined for human consumption.

The environmentally sound management of e-waste and the transboundary movements of

e-waste or used equipment may serve as a big lever in the direction of circularity by reducing the need for mining of materials of strategic value and increasing recycling and resource recovery as well as creating new market opportunities, jobs and sources of income.

The Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) schemes, one of the approaches encouraging producers to bear the responsibility for the collection and management of their products when they reach end-of-life, have not been adopted in many developing countries.

The tracking and traceability of e-waste requires better implementation of policies, innovating systemic and technological solutions involving governments, private sector, academia and the civil society whereby the environmental sound management of e-waste is ensured, and a circular approach is encouraged without jeopardizing human health and the environment.

The session will examine the following key questions:

E-waste has been an issue of concern for a number of years. Why is it still a problem despite numerous efforts by governments, industry, civil society and international organizations?

What are the main drivers of e-waste for becoming a global environmental challenge?

What policies and regulatory mechanisms are best suited to tackle e-waste? How to deal with the informal sector and informal practices to manage e-waste?

How does the sustainable management of e-waste contribute to the circular economy? How to avoid the loss of valuable resources?

Can regional cooperation provide solutions to support developing countries?

What role industry can play in dealing with e-waste in a sustainable way? Are there innovative solutions from the manufacturing /design perspective?



E-WASTE SESSION



Rolph Payet
Executive Secretary
Secretariat of the Basel,
Rotterdam and Stockholm
Conventions



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International Chemicals &
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Federal Office for the
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H.E. Tuan Ibrahim Minister of Environment and Water Malaysia



Joanne Deoraj
Permanent Secretary
Ministry of Planning and
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Björn Appelqvist
Chair of the Scientific and
Technical Committee
International Solid Waste
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Larke Williams Foreign Affairs OfficerUS Department of State



Olga Speranskaya Senior Advisor IPEN



Silvia Beatriz Vazquez
Director, Environmental
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E-WASTE SESSION



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Agency, Ghana



Vanessa Gray
Head of Environment and
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Telecommunication Union



Bruce Anderson
Managing Director for Global
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Brendan Edgerton Director, Circular EconomyWorld Business Council for
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Shalini Sharma Co-Founder & CEOE-Waste Exchange



Pascal Leroy Director General WEEE Forum



Seika Sanno Deputy Director, Industrial & Hazardous Waste Management Ministry of Environment, Japan